

	Bill & Author	Summary/ Version	BSCC Duties Impact	Status
1	<p><a href="#"><u>AB 731</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>County jails: recidivism: reports.</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Assemblymember Bauer-Kahan, Rebecca</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>(D-16)</u></a></p>	<p>AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 26, 2021</p> <p>Would require the sheriff in each county to compile and submit specified data to the Board of State and Community Corrections on their educational opportunities, rehabilitative opportunities, exercise opportunities, the number of participants and the cost of administering those programs, and success rates in reducing recidivism, as defined. The bill would require the board to compile a report based upon those findings and submit the report to the Legislature by a specified date.</p>	<p>Would require the BSCC to compile a report and submit to the Legislature.</p>	<p>9/10/2021</p> <p>Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15).</p>

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2	<p><u><a href="#">AB 990</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Prisons: inmate visitation.</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Assemblymember Santiago</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">(D-53)</a></u></p>	<p>ENROLLED SEPTEMBER 10, 2021</p> <p>For people detained in a county jail on felony charges, this bill would include the right to personal visits as a civil right, as specified. The bill would provide that these civil rights may not be infringed upon, except as necessary and only if narrowly tailored to further the legitimate security interests of the government and would provide that any governmental action related to these civil rights may be reviewed in court for legal error under a substantial evidence standard of review.</p> <p><b>Governor's Veto Message:</b>  <i>To the Members of the California State Assembly: I am returning Assembly Bill 990 without my signature. This bill would establish the right of visitation as a protected civil right for people that are incarcerated, change the standard of review for when a custodial authority seeks to limit the civil rights of incarcerated individuals, and restrict the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation's (CDCR's) power to deny a person visitation rights. My Administration has made it a priority to reform our state's rehabilitation processes, including visitation rights. In fact, this year's budget added a third day of weekly in-person visitation at all CDCR institutions and included funding to provide visitors with free transportation on select days throughout the year to all prisons. While I am in strong support of expanding and increasing visitation opportunities, the heightened standard in this legislation is likely to result in extensive and costly litigation from individuals denied visitation for what may be valid and serious safety and security concerns. I urge the author to work with CDCR to find a solution that expands access to visitation in a manner that protects all parties. Sincerely, Gavin Newsom</i></p>	<p>May impact Title 15 Regulations</p>	<p>Vetoed- 1/3/2022- Consideration of Governor's veto pending.</p>

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3	<p><a href="#"><u>AB 1165</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Juvenile facilities: storage and use of chemical agents</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Assemblymember Gipson, Mike</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>(D-64)</u></a></p>	<p>AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 24, 2022</p> <p>Current law provides for the housing of juvenile wards of the court in juvenile facilities, including juvenile halls and forestry camps. Current law requires the Board of State and Community Corrections to adopt minimum standards for the operation and maintenance of juvenile halls for the confinement of minors. Current law requires the judge of the juvenile court of the county to annually inspect any jail or juvenile hall that was used for the confinement of any minor and to notify the operator of the jail or juvenile hall of any observed noncompliance with the minimum standards of the juvenile facility adopted by the board. This bill would prohibit the use or storage of a chemical agent, as defined, with the exception of oleoresin capsicum (OC) spray, inside, or on the grounds of, a juvenile facility. The bill would prohibit, commencing July 1, 2024, the use of a chemical agent against a juvenile who is under 18 years of age or in any space where a juvenile who is under 18 years of age is present.</p> <p>The Board of State and Community Corrections shall, on or before July 1, 2024, develop training, model practices, and regulations to implement the findings and recommendations of the Legislative Analyst's Office report.</p>	<p>The BSCC would be required to develop training and regulations.</p>	<p>2/1/22</p> <p>Died on inactive file.</p>

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4	<p><u><a href="#">AB 1474</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Sentencing: consideration of costs.</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Assemblymember Gabriel, Jesse</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">(D-45)</a></u></p>	<p>REVISED APRIL 21, 2021</p> <p>This bill would require a prosecuting attorney, at sentencing, to state on the record the estimated cost of incarceration or supervision for any proposed sentence. This bill would also require a county probation department, if preparing a presentence report, to provide the court with specified information regarding the estimated and projected cost of incarceration or other supervision of the defendant as has been proposed in the recommended sentence. The bill would require the court, during sentencing, to state on the record, the estimated cost of the sentence imposed. This bill would require the Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO) to annually compile the average annual costs of incarceration and postincarceration supervision for an inmate under the supervision of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, and to provide that information to prosecutor's officers and the chief probation officer of each county. The bill would also require the LAO to provide this information to the public on the LAO's internet website.</p> <p>The Board of State and Community Corrections shall, by no later than July 1, 2022, and annually thereafter, compile the average annual costs of incarceration and supervision for a person in the custody of, or under the supervision of, each county sheriff or probation department, and shall provide that information to each city, county, or city and county prosecutor's office and the chief probation officer of each county, and shall make the information available to the public by posting it on the board's internet website.</p>	<p>The BSCC would compile a report on annual cost of incarceration.</p>	<p>8/27/21</p> <p>Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12).</p>

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5	<p><a href="#"><u>AB 1599</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Proposition 47: repeal</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Assemblymember Kiley, Kevin</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>(R-6)</u></a></p>	<p>INTRODUCED JANUARY 3, 2022</p> <p>The Safe Neighborhoods and Schools Act, enacted as an initiative statute by Proposition 47, as approved by the electors at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election, made various changes relating to theft and the possession of controlled substances, including by, among other things, generally reducing the penalty for those crimes, including reducing the penalty for possession of concentrated cannabis, establishing a procedure by which individuals convicted of those crimes prior to the passage of the act may petition for resentencing under the act, and creating the crime of shoplifting.</p> <p>This bill would repeal the changes and additions made by Proposition 47, except those related to reducing the penalty for possession of concentrated cannabis.</p>	<p>May impact the current Proposition 47 Grants.</p>	<p>1/14/22</p> <p>Referred to Assembly Committee. on Public Safety.</p>

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6	<p><u><a href="#">AB 1670</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Criminal justice: Commission on Alternatives to Incarceration</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Assemblymember Bryan, Isaac</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">(D-54)</a></u></p>	<p>INTRODUCED JANUARY 19, 2022</p> <p>Current law, generally, punishes the violation of serious felonies by incarceration in the state prison.</p> <p>This bill would create the Commission on Alternatives to Incarceration within the California Health and Human Services Agency to study alternatives to incarceration, reducing recidivism, and family reunification in the state prison system.</p> <p>The California Health and Human Services Agency, Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, and Board of State and Community Corrections shall, upon request, provide the commission with reasonable technical and administrative support and assistance.</p>	<p>Would need to provide technical assistance to the Commission.</p>	<p>1/27/22</p> <p>Referred to Assembly Committee on Public Safety and Health.</p>

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7	<p><u><a href="#">SB 472</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Social Innovation Financing Program.</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">Senator Caballero, Anna</a></u></p> <p><u><a href="#">(D-12)</a></u></p>	<p>AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 15, 2021</p> <p>Current law establishes the Social Innovation Financing Program, administered by the Board of State and Community Corrections, to award grants to 3 counties selected by the board, for the purpose of entering into a social innovation financing contract, pursuant to which private investors agree to provide financing to service providers to achieve social outcomes agreed upon in advance and the government agency that is a party to the contractual agreement agrees to pay a return on the investment to the investors if successful programmatic outcomes are achieved by the service provider. Current law requires the board and each county receiving an award to report annually to the Governor and Legislature, as specified. Current law repeals the program on January 1, 2022. This bill would, commencing July 1, 2022, authorize the board, upon an appropriation by the Legislature to the Social Innovation Fund created by this bill, to award a new round of grants to 5 counties selected by the board, as specified.</p>	<p>Upon appropriations would require BSCC to administer grants to five counties.</p>	<p>8/27/21</p> <p>Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12).</p>