

DEL NORTE COUNTY

Community Corrections Partnership (CCP) Plan Implementation

In FY 2011-12, 2012-13, and or 2013-14 identify the community corrections programs and or services implemented (e.g. program or service was operational) by CCP agencies (e.g. Probation Department, Sheriff's Department, Department of Public Health, etc.).

In FY 2012-13 residential and substance abuse treatment programs were implemented in the county.

Risk Assessment Tool

In keeping with the current evidence-based trends for offender management the Probation Department assesses offenders to determine the level of risk they pose to the community and what treatment modalities would best achieve measureable outcomes. Criminogenic needs are those attributes that if treated are most likely to decrease the likelihood of future criminality. The Probation Department uses the Static Risk Assessment and Offender Need Guide (STRONG) tool as its risk and needs assessment instrument.

The STRONG assessment tool accomplishes four objectives:

- Classifies an offender's risk level to determine level of supervision;
- Identifies the risk and protective factors linked to criminal behavior to target effective interventions;
- Develops a case plan focused on reducing risk factors and increasing protective factors; and
- Allows for ongoing monitoring of the offender's progress.

In FY 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14 the CCP plan adopted by the Board of Supervisors included the following areas derived from Penal Code section 1230.1

	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14
Community Service Programs	✓	✓	✓
Counseling Programs	✓	✓	✓
Day Reporting Center		✓	✓
Drug Courts	✓		
Educational Programs			
Electronic and GPS Monitoring Programs	✓	✓	✓
Mental Health Treatment Programs	✓	✓	✓
Residential Multiservice Centers			✓
Victim Restitution Programs			
Work Training Programs	✓	✓	✓

Describe an accomplishment or highlight (as defined by the CCP) achieved in FY 2011-12 and or 2012-13.

In 2012 Del Norte County opened a Day Reporting Center, implemented Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT), and expanded substance abuse programming. To date the Post-Release Community Supervision (PRCS) population has responded well to the expanded service options. The county also opened a residential program that provides offenders with a pro-social environment removed from past negative associations, allowing them to build a sober and supportive social network.

The Probation Department uses the Static Risk Assessment and Offender Need Guide (STRONG) tool as its risk and needs assessment instrument.

Describe a local success story (as defined by the CCP).

Two offenders with extensive and violent criminal histories returned to the county with a myriad of challenges, i.e. anti-social associates, substance abuse and poor employment backgrounds. Both individuals have been immersed in the Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) and Matrix substance abuse services. At this time both individuals are living in a residential facility and one has recently found full-time employment. For these two former career criminals the progress has been very encouraging.

For FY 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14 rank the priority areas[^] of the CCP on a scale from 1 to 9. A rank of 1 indicates that area was the HIGHEST priority (as defined by the CCP) and a rank of 9 indicates that area was the LOWEST priority (as defined by the CCP).

FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13*	FY 2013-14*
1. Risk Assessment	1. Risk Assessment	1. Staffing
2. GPS	2. Health	2. Day Reporting
3. Health	3. GPS	3. Risk Assessment
4. Staff Training	4. Day Reporting	4. Staff Training
5. Staffing	5. Staffing	5. Health
6. Data	6. Staff Training	6. GPS
7. Law Enforcement	7. Law Enforcement	7. Data
8. Medical	8. Data	8. Law Enforcement
9. Day Reporting	9. Medical	9. Medical

[^]Priority areas are representative of the information counties included in the FY 2011-12 and 2012-13 CCP plans and the information BSCC received from counties and published in the *report 2011 Public Safety Realignment Act: Report on the Implementation of Community Corrections Partnership Plans.*

Priority areas: Day Reporting Center, Data (e.g. data identification, collection, analysis, etc.), GPS/Electronic Monitoring, Staff Training (e.g. Probation Dept., District Attorney’s Office, etc.), Local Law Enforcement (municipal police), Public Health/Mental Health (e.g. substance abuse, treatment, etc.), Medical Related Costs, Risk Assessment Instruments (COMPAS, STRONG, etc.), and Staffing (e.g. Victim Witness Advocate, Deputy Sheriff, Deputy Probation Officer, etc.).

*Changes in priority areas from FY 2011-12 to FY 2012-13 were impacted by the opening of a Day Reporting Center. In FY 2012-13 to FY 2013-14 priority for staffing increased to meet supervision and programming needs.