JUVENILE JUSTICE CRIME PREVENTION ACT (JJCPA) /YOUTHFUL OFFENDER BLOCK GRANT (YOBG)

Yolo County Probation Department 2018/2019

COMPREHENSIVE MULTIAGENCY JUVENILE JUSTICE PLAN (CMJJP)

I. Assessment of existing services for delinquent or at risk youth in Yolo County

- A. Truancy Programs*
 - 1. SARB
 - 2. YTAC-DA Mediation
 - 3. Community visits
 - 4. Truancy Court

B. Diversion Programs*

- 1. Davis Police Department (participation requires GPA 2.0 minimum with no unexcused absences)
 - a. Community Service (20-40 hours depending on severity of offense)
 - b. Report to Youth Intervention Specialist for 6 months
 - c. Reflective essay relative to offense
 - d. Referral to community resources
 - e. Restorative Conferences
 - f. Other as determined by needs of case
 - g. YCRC Yolo Conflict Resolution Center Juvenile Restorative Justice Program

2. West Sacramento Police Department

- a. Community Service (Parks and Recreation during summer)
- b. POP (Prison Outreach Program, Solano Prison)
- c. Juvenile Fire Setter Program (WS Fire Dept)
- d. Collins Teen Center
- e. DA Mediation
- f. Victor Community Support Groups
- g. CommuniCare-Drug and Alcohol counseling
- h. Christmas Baskets-Delivering Food Community Service Hours
- i. Boxing Program- provided by West Sacramento Police Department (PAL program)
- j. West Sacramento Cadet program

C. Juvenile Review Board

*youth participating in the above programs may be eligible for some of the services listed under item "D" below.

D. Probation

- 1. Ohio Youth Assessment System
- 2. Low Risk
 - a. Referral to community resources
 - b. Restitution
 - c. Informal Community Supervision when appropriate
- 1. Moderate to High Risk
 - a. Full criminogenic needs assessment OYAS
 - b. Caseplanning based on criminogenic needs
 - c. Juvenile Case Management
 - d. Tutoring program
 - e. Parenting Program
 - f. Specialized Caseloads
 - i. Alternative Detention Supervision (contracts, GPS)
 - ii. Juvenile Case Management-Spanish as first language
 - iii. MIOCR- Mentally Ill Offender Crime Reduction
 - iv. YCCP- Yolo County Conservation Program
 - v. Dual Status youth Partnered with HHSA
 - vi. EPICS model (training ongoing)
 - vii. Motivational Interviewing (training ongoing)
 - g. Other Community Based Programs/Services
 - i. Functional Family Therapy (FFT)
 - ii. Trauma Focused Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (TF-CBT)
 - iii. Group and individual SUD counseling
 - iv. Individual Therapy (mild-moderate for Primary Care patients of CommuniCare)
 - v. Specialty Mental Health Therapeutic Services (SED) for county-involved youth
 - vi. Child psychiatry for mild-moderate (Primary Care patients) and SED (county)
 - vii. Wraparound Services
 - viii. Empower Yolo services for CSEC youth
 - ix. Multi-Disciplinary Team weekly for CSEC youth
 - f. Vocational/Educational/Leadership opportunity programs (not all youth meet eligibility criteria for each program)
 - i. Youth Employment Workshop (probation youth specific) through HHSA
 - ii. WIA
 - iii. One Stop Career Shop (HHSA)

- iv. Cal Works
- v. Job Corp
- vi. RISE (for rural communities, can include counseling)
- vii. Northern Ca Construction and Training (NCCT)
- viii. Legal Services of Northern Ca
- ix. Woodland Youth Council
- x. TANA Art Center- potential for summer
- xi. Friday Night Live -specific to targeted school districts)

g. Placement

- i. Foster Care/RFA (Resource Family Approval)
- ii. STRTP/Group Home

h. Transition/Re-entry Planning

- i. Community based supervision
- ii. Wraparound
- iii. ILP services
- iv. Foster Youth Services
- v. Transitional Age Youth (TAY)
- vi. AB12

i. Juvenile Detention Facility

- i. Education:
 - Dan Jacobs school
 - Resource Specialist Program
 - Bi-lingual para-educator
 - GED coordinator
 - Tutoring for youth
- ii. Recovery Programs:
 - Alcoholics Anonymous/Facilitated by Volunteers
 - Narcotics Anonymous/Facilitated by Volunteers
- iii. Literacy Programs:
 - Literacy Program/Yolo Reads
 - The Beat Within
 - Storm for Success
- iv. Spiritual Services:
 - Spiritual Services/Facilitated by Volunteers
 - Bible Study
- v. Collaborative Partnerships/Contracts with

Community Based Providers

- Yolo Interfaith Immigration Network
- Youth Empowerment Program

- CommuniCare
- CFMG
- Empower Yolo
- vi. Strength Based Programs
 - Yolo Arts Programs
 - Victor Treatment Center Services
- vii. Recreation
- viii. Transition Planning (MDT)

II. Priority Areas in the community that face significant public safety risk as a result of juvenile crime

- A. Woodland
- B. West Sacramento
- C. Davis

III. Identified Service Gaps and Strategies

	Service Gap	Strategy to Fill Gap	Funding Source
1.	Vocational Training and/or job opportunities	Exploring community coaches or natural leaders in communities to connect youth to potential job mentors in their natural environments.	Existing resources; and TBD.
2.	School and alternative educational enrollment	Continue to train staff on educational rights and following through with educational requirements of youth.	Existing resources and TBD
3.	Lack of mentoring programs for juvenile justice youth	Explore grant opportunities; Identification, coordination and use of: natural supports, community coaches, CASA, and Public Defender social work intern program; PAL program and mentoring being explored through YGRIP	Existing Resources, and TBD; YGRIP; ARC (Anti Recidivism Coalition); Big Brothers/Big Sisters
4.	Lack of Pro-social and vocational activity opportunities for youth and families; including lack of sports and teen centers	Community networking; grant opportunities such as PYJI	Potential: Existing resources (community), , other TBD

5.	Lack of intensive substance abuse treatment	Identify a service provider capable of providing intensive services to juvenile youth	TBD
6.	Intercept Map	Collaborate with stakeholders to complete during the coming year.	TBD

IV. Programs to be funded by JJCPA (*JJCPA requires funded programs to be modeled on evidence-based strategies that have proven effective in curbing juvenile delinquency)

A. Juvenile Case Management

The target population to be served remains unchanged: higher risk probation youth as determined by a risk/needs assessment tool. Research has shown that focusing on the higher-risk offenders has the most impact on recidivism (Andrews and Dowden 2006). Criminal justice research has shown that combining probation monitoring with effective treatment will yield the greatest recidivism reduction. By adhering to principles of risk-need-responsivity with offenders, research shows counties can create plans and allocate appropriate funding to create quality programming across a number of areas which result in better outcomes (4 Bonta, J., & Andrews, D. A. (2007). Risk-Need-Responsivity Model for Offender Assessment and Rehabilitation. Rehabilitation, 06. 5 Crites, E. L., & Taxman, F. S. (2013). The Responsivity Principle: Determining the Appropriate Program and Dosage to Match Risk and Needs. In Simulation Strategies to Reduce Recidivism (pp.143-166). Springer New York.

The Probation Officers will employ evidence based principles by: assessing actuarial risk/need, utilizing Motivational Interviewing to enhance intrinsic motivation, and then targeting interventions in collaboration with our community based juvenile justice provider or other CBO as deemed appropriate. The provider meets weekly with the officers to work through case planning and the targeting of criminogenic risk/need. Interventions to be provided consist of but are not limited to any of the following: FFT, TFCBT, Cog-SBI, TBS, CBS, or WRAP. Individual therapy is provided as needed. The officers employ a strength based and family approach in working with their youth, using a system of graduated incentives and sanctions in order to affirm and reward compliant behavior and respond to non-compliant behavior.