Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act & Youthful Offender Block Grant (JJCPA-YOBG)

Consolidated Annual Plan

Date: May 1, 2017	
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Instructions:

Government Code Section 30061(b)(4) and Welfare & Institutions Code Section 1961(b) call for consolidation of the annual plans required for JJCPA and YOBG.

Please submit your most up-to-date consolidated plan.

The rest of this document is a standardized template for a consolidated county plan. If you find it helpful to use this template, please do so.

Your submission will be posted, as submitted, to the BSCC website.

Please e-mail your plan to:

JJCPA-YOBG@bscc.ca.gov

Juvenile Justice Plan

Part I. Countywide Service Needs, Priorities and Strategy

- A. Assessment of Existing Services
- B. Identifying and Prioritizing Focus Areas
- C. Juvenile Justice Action Strategy

Part II. Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act (JJCPA)

- A. Information Sharing and Data Collection
- B. Funded Programs, Strategies and/or System Enhancements

Part III. Youthful Offender Block Grant (YOBG)

- A. Strategy for Non-707(b) Offenders
- B. Regional Agreements
- C. Funded Programs, Placements, Services, Strategies and/or System Enhancements

Part I. Service Needs, Priorities & Strategy

<u>Authority</u>: Government Code Section 30061(b)(4)(A) The multiagency juvenile justice plan shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following components:

(*i*) An assessment of existing law enforcement, probation, education, mental health, health, social services, drug and alcohol, and youth services resources that specifically target at-risk juveniles, juvenile offenders, and their families.

(ii) An identification and prioritization of the neighborhoods, schools, and other areas in the community that face a significant public safety risk from juvenile crime, such as gang activity, daylight burglary, late-night robbery, vandalism, truancy, controlled substances sales, firearm-related violence, and juvenile substance abuse and alcohol use.

(iii) A local juvenile justice action strategy that provides for a continuum of responses to juvenile crime and delinquency and demonstrates a collaborative and integrated approach for implementing a system of swift, certain, and graduated responses for at-risk youth and juvenile offenders.

Government Code Section 30061(b)(4)(B)(ii) Collaborate and integrate services of all the resources set forth in clause (i) of subparagraph (A), to the extent appropriate.

A. Assessment of Existing Services

Include here an assessment of existing law enforcement, probation, education, mental health, health, social services, drug and alcohol, and youth services resources that specifically target at-risk juveniles, juvenile offenders, and their families.

The Mono Assessment of available services continues in both our Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council but also the Racial and Ethnic Disparity (R.E.D.) Community group and the Correction Community Partnership. Because we do not have Community Based Organizations due to our rural communities, we rely on local government groups to achieve our goals. The assessment of the data provided for the R.E.D. community evaluation has given us evidence based practices data to determine the need for youth. The focus of the R.E.D. Community group identified key periods after school (ages 8-18) where youth can be safe and focus on education, recreation and activities.

Other agencies conduct singular studies for areas such as drug and alcohol, social services, mental health and education through Behavioral Health, Social Services (which Probation and Social Services work together now for CCR), Mental Health and Office of Education respectively.

Describe what approach will be used to facilitate collaboration amongst the organizations listed above and support the integration of services.

All organizations currently work together to review and make recommendations for children and youth. The CCP and CCR encourage cross communication and collaboration due to similar goals such as Resource Family activities.

B. Identifying and Prioritizing Focus Areas

Identify and prioritize the neighborhoods, schools, and other areas of the county that face the most significant public safety risk from juvenile crime.

Our largest community requires the most services. The R.E.D. Clubhouse Live was strategically placed in our largest community to provide the most support. After the large community, each community was identified by poverty and other variables that contribute to juvenile delinquency.

C. Juvenile Justice Action Strategy

Describe your county's juvenile justice action strategy. Include an explanation of your county's continuum of responses to juvenile crime and delinquency as well as a description of the approach used to ensure a collaborative and integrated approach for implementing a system of swift, certain, and graduated responses for at-risk youth and juvenile offenders.

Our county's juvenile delinquency has dropped considerably. Evidence based practices programming and prevention has been our focus that has resulted in a reduction in delinquents. In 2012, 37 youth were on formal probation with an average of 12-14 placed into detention. In 2016, we had two youth on formal probation with only one youth being detained. We now have more youth in diversion type programs to avert the formal system. Along with other EBP's, we use graduated sanctions and incentives to amend behavior.

Part II. Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act (JJCPA)

<u>Authority</u>: Government Code Section 30061(b)(4)(B) Programs, strategies, and system enhancements proposed to be funded under this chapter shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

(i) Be based on programs and approaches that have been demonstrated to be effective in reducing delinquency and addressing juvenile crime for any elements of response to juvenile crime and delinquency, including prevention, intervention, suppression, and incapacitation.

(iii) – Employ information sharing systems to ensure that county actions are fully coordinated, and designed to provide data for measuring the success of juvenile justice programs and strategies."

Government Code Section 30061(b)(4)(A) The multiagency juvenile justice plan shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following components:

(*iv*) A description of the programs, strategies, or system enhancements that are proposed to be funded pursuant to this subparagraph.

A. Information Sharing and Data

Describe your information systems and their ability to facilitate the sharing of data across agencies within your county. Describe the data obtained through these systems and how those data are used to measure the success of juvenile justice programs and strategies.

Mono County recently changed its data program allowing us to share information amongst other agencies. Measurement of success depends on the program involved and their personalized achievements. By way of identified case plan goals, it is determined if they have achieved their identified goals.

B. Funded Programs, Strategies and/or System Enhancements

Using the template on the next page, describe each program, strategy and/or system enhancement that will be supported with funding from JJPCA, identifying anything that is co-funded with Youthful Offender Block Grant (YOBG) moneys.

JJCPA Funded Program, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

This template should be copied as many times as needed to capture every program, strategy and system enhancement you plan to fund next year.

Program Name:

Evidence Based Practices and Outcomes

Evidence Upon Which It Is Based:

EBP indicate that those programs, such as journaling and cognitive behavioral workbooks assist youth.

Description:

The assigned Juvenile Officer works with youth on journals and workbooks that would assist youth such as anger management. The books used are purchased from vendors who specialize in these items. The probation officer works directly with youth and meet weekly to review their progress and discuss answers.

Part III. Youthful Offender Block Grant (YOBG)

<u>Authority</u>: Welfare & Institutions Code Section 1961(a) – On or before May 1 of each year, each county shall prepare and submit to the Board of State and Community Corrections a Juvenile Justice Development Plan on its proposed programs, strategies, and system enhancements for the next fiscal year from the Youthful Offender Block Grant Fund described in Section 1951. The plan shall include all of the following:

(1) A description of the programs, placements, services, strategies, and system enhancements to be funded by the block grant allocation pursuant to this chapter, including, but not limited to, the programs, tools, and strategies outlined in Section 1960.

(2) A description of how the plan relates to or supports the county's overall strategy for dealing with youthful offenders who have not committed an offense described in subdivision (b) of Section 707, and who are no longer eligible for commitment to the Division of Juvenile Facilities under Section 733 as of September 1, 2007.

(3) A description of any regional agreements or arrangements to be supported by the block grant allocation pursuant to this chapter.

(4) A description of how the programs, placements, services, or strategies identified in the plan coordinate with multiagency juvenile justice plans and programs under paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 30061 of the Government Code.

A. Strategy for Non-707(b) Offenders

Describe your county's overall strategy for dealing with non-707(b) youthful offenders who are not eligible for commitment to the Division of Juvenile Justice. Explain how this Plan relates to or supports that strategy.

Mono County historically has had a low commitment to DJJ (the last commitment was in 2011). Delinquency seems to be declining. Youthful offenders are assessed through the PACT instrument, a risk/needs tool, and case plans will be tailored to their needs and threat to the community. While graduated sanctions are malleable given the youth and offense, they incorporate monitored supervision, restitution, community services, drug and alcohol counseling, drug testing, family counselling and if necessary, detainment. High risk youth will be considered for WrapAround where intensive services are provided to the youth and family. These include intensive probation supervision, family and individual counseling. Youth that do not abide by their Terms and Conditions and case plan may be detained for the term ordered and/or considered for placement in treatment or foster care (CCR). This will continue to be the plan and strategy for dealing with minors no longer eligible for commitments to DJJ. It is hoped that Mono County may attract independent professionals such as counselors, psychologists, transition homes and community programs so our county can add more options for youth.

B. Regional Agreements

Describe any regional agreements or arrangements to be supported with YOBG funds.

Mono County has a regional agreement with El Dorado County as no detention center is located in Mono County. The Memo of Understanding is on record with the Mono County Clerk's office. Mono pays an agreed upon daily rate for housing youth in the El Dorado Detention center in North Tahoe.

C. Funded Programs, Placements, Services, Strategies and/or System Enhancements

Using the template on the next page, describe the programs, placements, services, strategies, and system enhancements to be funded through the YOBG program. Explain how they complement or coordinate with the programs, strategies and system enhancements to be funded through the JJCPA program.

YOBG Funded Program, Placement, Service, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

This template should be copied as many times as needed to capture every program, placement, service, strategy, and system enhancement you plan to fund next year.

Program Name:

Juvenile Hall

Nature of Coordination with JJCPA:

None

Description:

Mono County has contracted with El Dorado County for use of their cells for those youth ordered to detainment. YOBG funds will be used to pay for detainment of youth. Further, detainment is programmatically used as a graduated sanction. No youth charged with an incorrigibility will be detained. El Dorado County currently provides cognitive behavioral programming similar to Mono County programming.

YOBG Funded Program, Placement, Service, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

This template should be copied as many times as needed to capture every program, placement, service, strategy, and system enhancement you plan to fund next year.

Program Name:

Risk/Needs Assessment

Nature of Coordination with JJCPA:

None

Description:

Mono County purchases risk/needs tools through Assessments.com for youth. Two officers are assigned to complete those assessments so as to ensure the appropriate programming and for safety of the community.

YOBG Funded Program, Placement, Service, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

This template should be copied as many times as needed to capture every program, placement, service, strategy, and system enhancement you plan to fund next year.

Program Name:

Mental Health Screening

Nature of Coordination with JJCPA:

None

Description:

Youth are sometimes ordered for psychological evaluations. Such evaluations allow us to better plan for the needs of the youth while collaborating with Social Services and Mental Health.

YOBG Funded Program, Placement, Service, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

This template should be copied as many times as needed to capture every program, placement, service, strategy, and system enhancement you plan to fund next year.

Program Name:

Alcohol and Drug Treatment

Nature of Coordination with JJCPA:

Purchase some of the same books from Assessments.com

Description:

All staff are trained in the application of the two cognitive behavioral programs offered through the Change Company. These programs include interactive journaling and focus on pro-social skills, substance abuse, emotional needs and criminal behavioral. Using the PACT assessment tool and through collaboration with behavioral health, youth participate in drug and alcohol counseling groups facilitated by a behavioral health counselor, individual counseling and/or family counseling. Further, depending on their supervision level, youth are also monitored using ALCO Sensors, electronic monitoring and urinalysis.

YOBG Funded Program, Placement, Service, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

This template should be copied as many times as needed to capture every program, placement, service, strategy, and system enhancement you plan to fund next year.

Program Name:

Electronic Monitoring

Nature of Coordination with JJCPA:

None

Description:

Electronic Monitoring may be used for graduated sanctions, an EBP, release conditions, substance abuse and safety in the community.

YOBG Funded Program, Placement, Service, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

This template should be copied as many times as needed to capture every program, placement, service, strategy, and system enhancement you plan to fund next year.

Program Name:

Community Service

Nature of Coordination with JJCPA:

None

Description:

In collaboration with the US Forest Service Youth Conservation Program, this program will be supervised by the Probation Aide II in collaboration with the Forest Service to improve trails and campground maintenance. Specifically, youth will mend fences, visit fire camps, paint and clean camping sites, clean hiking trails, etc. Youth will learn about wildlife conservation, Native heritage and land management. Their participation will result in completion of community service hours and those owing restitution will earn hours calculated to money through the DA's restitution fund thereby making the victim whole.

YOBG Funded Program, Placement, Service, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

This template should be copied as many times as needed to capture every program, placement, service, strategy, and system enhancement you plan to fund next year.

Program Name:

Tutoring

Nature of Coordination with JJCPA:

None

Description:

Many youth are in need of tutoring throughout the county. There are several tutors on record as willing, and have been tutoring kids. Several of our youth have learning disorders where tutoring will be helpful in increasing their knowledge and confidence.