

	Bill & Author	Summary/ Version	BSCC Duties Impact	Status
1	AB 656 Office of Healthy and Safe Communities. Assembly Member Garcia (D-56)	Amended: 6/27/19 This bill would, contingent on funding, create the Office of Healthy and Safe Communities (OHSC) under the direction of <i>State Department of Public Health</i> , to provide a comprehensive violence prevention strategy. The bill would set forth the duties of the OHSC, including the duty to develop, implement, and monitor a California vision and plan for violence prevention, safety, and healing. The bill would require the director to strengthen the professionalization of community violence intervention and prevention as a licensed occupation and facilitate the coordination and alignment of programming across statewide departments and agencies, among other duties. The bill would also require the director to assemble an advisory committee to inform and guide the execution of the duties of the OHSC. The bill would require the advisory committee to be selected by the President pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly and would specify the composition of the advisory committee.	None. May affect grants administered by the BSCC.	8/30/2019 Senate 2- year bill.



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2	County jails: prisons: incarcerated pregnant persons. Assembly Member Garcia (D-56)	Amended: 7/27/20 This bill would require an inmate of a county jail or the state prison who is identified as possibly pregnant to be scheduled for laboratory work to verify pregnancy within 3 business days of arrival at the jail or prison. The bill would require an incarcerated person who is confirmed to be pregnant to be scheduled for an obstetrics examination within 7 days. The bill would require incarcerated pregnant persons to be scheduled for prenatal care visits, as specified. The bill would prohibit solitary confinement for incarcerated pregnant persons. The bill would require the jail or prison to provide personal hygiene products for use with the person's menstrual cycle and reproductive system.	Would require a change to regulations.	8/1/20 Do Pass Senate Public Safety and to Senate Appropriati ons (Aye - 5. No – 1)



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3	AB 1007 Local government financing: juvenile justice. Assemblymem ber Jones-Sawyer D-59	Amended 6/29/20 Would revise and recast required components of the multiagency juvenile justice plan to, among other things, additionally require a plan to include an assessment of existing community-based youth development services, identification and prioritization of areas of the community that face significant public safety risk from violence and crime, documentation of the effectiveness of the programs funded under these provisions, and a description of the target population funded under these provisions. The bill would require programs and strategies funded under these provisions to, among other things, be modeled on trauma-informed and youth development approaches and in collaboration with community-based organizations.	Impact Would be required to build a database and two research positions to develop the system, modifications and oversight.	7/2/20 Re- referred to Committee on Senate Public Safety.



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4	State agencies: meetings. Assembly Member Aguiar-Curry (D-4)	Amended: 7/28/20 The Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act requires that all meetings of a state body, as defined, be open and public, and that all persons be permitted to attend any meeting of a state body, except as otherwise provided in that act. Current law requires the state body to provide notice of its meeting, including specified information and a specific agenda of the meeting, as provided, to any person who requests that notice in writing and to make that notice available on the internet at least 10 days in advance of the meeting. This bill would, except for closed sessions, require that this notice include all writings or materials provided for the noticed meeting to a member of the state body by staff of a state agency, board, or commission, or another member of the state body, that are in connection with a matter subject to discussion or consideration at the meeting.	Would require the BSCC to post public meeting agenda and reports are posted in its entirety 48 hours in advance	7/28/20 2 nd read and rereferred to Senate Governme ntal Organizati on. Set for Hearing 8/14/20



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5	County jails: recidivism: reports Assembly Member Jones-Sawyer (D-59)	Amended: 6/4/20 Would, starting on January 1, 2023, and annually thereafter until January 1, 2027, require the sheriff in each county to compile and submit specified data to the Board of State and Community Corrections on their anti-recidivism programs and success rates in reducing recidivism. The bill would require the board to annually compile a report based upon those findings and submit the report to the Legislature by a specified date.	Develop data guidelines and compile a report annually would require additional research staff and database and reporting tool.	8/8/20 Do pass and rereferred to Senate Committee on Appropriations. (Aye - 6. No – 0)



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6	Private detention facilities Assembly Member Bonta (D-18)	Amended: 8/6/20 This bill would require any private detention facility operator to comply with, and adhere to, the detention standards of care and confinement agreed upon in the facility's contract for operations. The bill would define a private detention facility as a detention facility operated by a private, nongovernmental, for-profit entity pursuant to a contract or agreement with a governmental entity. If a private detention facility commits a tortious action that violates the requirement to comply with detention standards of care and confinement, the bill would allow an individual, the Attorney General, or a district attorney to bring a civil cause of action for injunctive and equitable relief. The bill would also allow the Attorney General, or a district or city attorney, to seek a civil penalty of \$25,000 for each individual injured and would allow the court to award a prevailing party reasonable attorney's fees and costs.	None.	8/6/20 Re-referred to Senate Committee on Judiciary. Set for hearing 8/13/20



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7	Prisoners: California Reentry Commission Senator Hertzberg (D-18)	Amended 7/27/20 Would establish the California Reentry Commission in the California Health and Human Services Agency, to be cochaired by the Secretary of California Health and Human Services and the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. The bill would specify the members of the commission and require the commission to meet once per month. The bill would require the commission to prepare and develop a new health and safety agenda for those returning home from prison or jail, establish a grant program to provide grants to reentry service providers, conduct a review of reentry barriers, review current state criminal justice policies, and report to the Legislature on the impact of COVID-19 on the reentry population and would coordinate with the BSCC to develop a grant program to provide grants to reentry service providers for wrap-around service for persons who have recently been released.	Impact BSCC would be a resource to the Commission.	8/5/20 Re-referred to Assembly Committee on Public Safety. Set for hearing 8/13/20



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8		Revised: 7/9/19 This bill would require the items in the store be offered at the cost paid to the vendor supplying the article, would rename the inmate welfare fund the incarcerated peoples' welfare fund and would require money in the fund to be expended solely for the benefit, education, and welfare of inmates. The bill would require articles offered for sale at the store to only be available for purchase by incarcerated people and not staff of the jail. Existing law imposes specified procedural and substantive content requirements on contracts entered into by local agencies, including cities and counties. This bill would require any contract entered into or renewed on or after January 1, 2020, to provide communications or information services to any person detained or sentenced to a jail or juvenile facility to be negotiated and awarded to an entity that meets the jail or juvenile facility's technical, functional, and security requirements for services, and that provides the lowest cost of service to any person who pays for the communications service. The bill would prohibit any commission or other payment, as defined, to the entity operating the jail or juvenile facility. The bill would further require that telephone rates and other service rates affected by these provisions be reduced in response to the elimination of commission fees. (3) Existing law, the Local Agency Public Construction Act, regulates contracting by counties and cities, among others, and requires a prospective bidder for a contract to submit specified information. This bill would require a county sheriff to negotiate and award contracts that provide county jails with communications, information, or commissary services based on providing the best price to the consumer in accordance with specified procedures and requirements. The bill would require a bid for these contracts to include the cost to	Duties	Status 8/30/2019 Assembly 2-year bill.
		the consumer. The bill would require a contract for communications, information, or commissary services to include specified provisions, including a provision prohibiting specified fees, a provision relating to renegotiation of the contract by the county sheriff, and provisions relating to consumer refunds. The bill would provide that a contract negotiated under these provisions is not valid until it is found by the county board of supervisors as being in compliance with these requirements. The bill would prohibit the bundling of contracts and would require a separate contract for each		



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		distinct good or service provided. The bill would require the sheriff to perform specified testing of the goods and services provided under the contract, and the county board of supervisors to provide a certified copy of each contract to the county controller.		
9	SB 889 Juveniles: Juvenile court jurisdiction. Senator Skinner (D-9)	Amended: 3/25/20 This bill would extend the jurisdiction of the juvenile court to those who are between 12 and 19 years of age, inclusive. This bill would provide that the juvenile court may maintain jurisdiction over a person until the person attains 24 years of age. This bill would require detention, if necessary, take place in the minor's or youth's home, unless detention in juvenile hall is necessary for specified reasons, including for the protection of others. This bill would, among other things, limit probation to only those behaviors that are necessary for public safety and specifically related to individual risk factors and would require minors to receive individualized family-centered, strength-based case plans when adjudged probation. The county shall apply to the BSCC for approval of a county institution established for the purpose of housing juveniles as a suitable place for confinement before the institution is used for the detention or commitment of an individual under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court who is 19 years of age or older but under 21 years of age where the detained person will come into or remain in contact with persons under 18 years of age who	Would impact juvenile detention and regulations.	3/25/20 From committee with author's amendmen ts. Read second time and amended. Rereferred to Senate Committee on Rules.
		are detained in the institution. The authority board shall review and approve or deny the application of the county within 30 days of receiving notice of this proposed use.		



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10	SB 1111 Juveniles: detention facilities. Senator Durazo (D- 24)	Amended: 6/19/20 Current law authorizes the detention of minors in jails or other security facilities for the confinement of adults only under specified conditions, including under circumstances upon which a minor is found not a fit and proper subject to be dealt with under the juvenile court law, their case is transferred to a court of criminal jurisdiction, and it is found that, among other things, the minor's further detention in the juvenile hall would endanger the safety of the public or other minors in the juvenile hall. This bill would revise and recast those provisions and repeal specified provisions that authorize the detention of minors in an adult facility. The bill would instead require any person whose case originated in juvenile court to remain in a county juvenile facility until they turn 21 years of age, except as specified. The BSCC shall conduct biennial inspections, collect data on the number, place and duration of confinement of minors. All inspection reports shall be posted on the BSCC's website and made accessible to the public.	None.	8/6/20 Re-referred to Committee on Appropriati ons.