

(2022-2023) Annual Plan

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County Name: Del Norte

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Instructions:

Government Code Section 30061(b)(4) and Welfare & Institution Code Section 1961(b) call for consolidation of the annual plans required for JJCPA and YOBG.

Please submit your most up-to-date consolidated plan. The following is a standardized template for a consolidated county plan. If you find it helpful to use this template, please do so. Each field must be completed before submitting your plan to the BSCC. If you have nothing to report for a field, please indicate 'N/A'. At the end of the template please press the 'Submit' button to be recorded with the BSCC. Your work will be saved each time you log in, if you need to make any edits.

Your Submission will be posted, as submitted, to the BSCC website. tsweeney@co.del-norte.ca.us

If you have any questions on completing your annual plan, or wish to use your own plan, please email:

JJCPA-YOBG@bscc.ca.gov

Juvenile Justice Plan

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Part I. Service Needs, Priorities & Strategy (Government Code Section 30061(b)(4)(A))

A. Assessment of Existing Services

Include here an assessment of existing law enforcement, probation, education, mental health, health, social services, drug and alcohol, and youth services resources that specifically target at-risk juveniles, juvenile offenders, and their families.

First Responders – Provide in many cases, the first line of enforcement of laws and response to juvenile crime. Del Norte County has a Police Department which provides law enforcement for the only incorporated city within the county, Crescent City, a Sheriff's Office which provides law enforcement for all unincorporated and outlining communities within the County, and the California Highway Patrol which provides county-wide law enforcement primarily enforcing traffic laws. Other LEAs are also present within the county and enforce laws within their jurisdiction, i.e. California State Parks Rangers, Fish & Wildlife Wardens, etc.

District Attorney – The Del Norte County District Attorney's Office assigns a Deputy District Attorney (DDA) to the Juvenile Delinquency calendar. The Juvenile DDA consistently demonstrates an understanding of the nature and intent of juvenile proceedings. They work collaboratively with the Probation Department and defense attorneys to determine appropriate dispositions of juvenile criminal cases that balance community safety concerns, victim services, and the particular youth's risk to reoffend. The Juvenile DDA also reviews petition requests and consistently decides to keep lower risk youth under informal supervision to avoid wardship unless absolutely necessary.

Probation Department – Provides all supervision of youth, juvenile and adult, placed on community supervision. The Probation Department is also statutorily tasked with all detention of juvenile youths when needed and/or required. Juveniles are dealt with at the lowest level of intervention possible while still ensuring opportunity for rehabilitation, accountability for actions and behavior, and the safety of the victims and community. This not only includes all delinquent youth, but truant and many of the at-risk youth residing in Del Norte County as well.

Education – Del Norte County Unified School District and County Office of Education are combined. They provide educational services to approximately 4,000 students. Within the county there are seven elementary schools, one K-8 school, one junior high school, one high school, two alternative/continuation schools, and one school within the Juvenile Hall. Del Norte County schools and the Probation Department have always worked collaboratively to address truancy and other social issues with the intended outcome of healthy students and families.

Health and Human Services (HHS) – Under the umbrella of HHS, Del Norte County Behavioral

Health and Social Services are charged with providing a full gamut of services to citizens of Del Norte County. The Probation Department and HHS collaborate regularly regarding services and strategies to best serve the youth of Del Norte County. Direct services they currently provide are mental health counseling and psychotropic medication, alcohol and drug counseling, Wraparound, intervention and placement of dependency youth, and funding to eligible families and health and wellness programs.

Community Based Organizations (CBOs) – Del Norte County, although rural and small in size and population, has several CBO's. The Del Norte Child Care Council offers parenting classes to both our youth (if needed) and their parents. Also in the community offering services to children and families are the Family Resource Center of the Redwoods, Building Healthy Communities, and Gateway Education which offers seasonally based programs for youth.

Local Tribes - Local Tribal offices provide counseling services for at-risk youth and families and are invited to meet with juvenile probation officers and juvenile hall staff to coordinate services.

Describe what approach will be used to facilitate collaboration among the organizations listed above and support the integration of services.

Del Norte County is a small (1230 square mile), rural county located on the coast of Northern California adjacent to the Oregon border. Population estimates from the US Census Bureau for 2021, indicate the population of the county is 28,100 of which 20.9% are under age 18; this percentage has changed very little in the last few years. The median household income is \$49,981 with 18.5% living in poverty. The unemployment rate in 2022 is 5.1% according to the California Employment Development Department.

Due to the small size and limited resources, county agencies, departments, and community based organizations are in many ways forced to collaborate to address issues. Department and agency heads exchange information freely and sit on many boards and committees whereby collaborative approaches are required, such as the Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council. Memorandums of Understanding are regularly created and utilized for data and information sharing as well as to implement programs, such as the concurrent jurisdiction MOU between the County, the Superior Court, the Yurok Tribe, and others regarding the Tribe's Youth Wellness Court.

B. Identifying and Prioritizing Focus Areas

Identify and prioritize the neighborhoods, schools, and other areas of the county that face the most significant public safety risk from juvenile crime.

As a small rural county, Del Norte as a whole is a very interdependent community. The majority of the population is centered around the only incorporated city, Crescent City, in the county. Included in the City and a 17 square mile area around it are 63% of the schools in the county, including the high school and alternative high school and 1 of 2 middle schools. This represents the bulk of the student population in the county as well as the schools and alternative schools that contain the vast majority of the juvenile delinquent population in the county. Of those youth on supervision, approximately 77% live within this same small geographic area.

The northern portion of the county, centered around the community of Smith River, contains 18% of the county's schools and 4.1% of the probation youth population. The eastern portion of the county, encompassing the communities of Hiouchi and Gasquet, contains 1 elementary school accounting for 9% of schools. The southern portion of the county, centered around the community of Klamath, also contains 1 elementary school, or 9% of the county's schools, and has 9% of the probation youth population living here.

The remaining percentage of youth on supervision are either non-minor dependents in independent living environments outside of the county or youth in placement outside of the county.

The logical conclusion can be reached, and is borne out in fact, that the bulk of juvenile crime, truancy, as well as the services that address these issues, is also centered on the city of, and the community surrounding, Crescent City.

C. Juvenile Justice Action Strategy

Describe your county's juvenile justice action strategy. Include an explanation of your county's continuum of responses to juvenile crime and delinquency as well as a description of the approach used to ensure a collaborative and integrated approach for implementing a system of swift, certain, and graduated responses for at-risk youth and juvenile offenders.

Del Norte County's juvenile justice action strategy is to provide best practice interventions for at-risk youth at every level of their interaction with the justice system. We strive to handle youth at the lowest level of intervention whenever possible, and strive to provide needed services, at the local level, working to avoid the use of out-of-county or state placements whenever possible. In most cases, youth remain out of custody and citations and misdemeanor offenses are referred to the District Attorney for review as required by statute. Most low level youth remain out of custody, in the home, and under informal supervision per 654 WIC. Higher risk misdemeanor youth are often placed on probation without Court Wardship per 725(a) WIC. For the highest risk youth we utilize probation supervision with court wardship and only resort to short or long term Juvenile Hall commitments when absolutely necessary.

The Del Norte County Probation Department utilizes the Juvenile Assessment and Intervention System (JAIS) as a part of our standard supervision practices. The JAIS is a gender-specific risk assessment supervision strategy model that weaves together a risk assessment and a strength and needs assessment. It is designed to begin with a one-on-one interview with the youth, most of which focuses on the underlying motivation for their illegal behavior. Once the JAIS is completed it is utilized to identify appropriate goals for the youth and evidence-based or other programs which suit the youth's needs.

If a youth is placed in custody in Juvenile Hall, we provide an institutional case plan with the same cognitive behavioral strategies listed above, along with school credit recovery and GED testing where applicable.

D. Comprehensive Plan Revisions Describe how your Plan has been updated for this year.

N/A

If your Plan has not been updated this year, explain why no changes to your plan are necessary.

The plan for Del Norte County remains the same as the last few prior years as we are able to adequately provide services to our juvenile populations.

**Part II. Juvenile Justice Crime Prevention Act (JJCPA)
(Government Code Section 30061(b)(4))**

A. Information Sharing and Data Describe your information systems and their ability to facilitate the sharing of data across agencies within your county. Describe the data obtained through these systems and how those data are used to measure the success of juvenile justice programs and strategies.

Del Norte County Probation uses an electronic case management system (CMS) provided by the vendor AutoMon.

All law enforcement partners through Del Norte Sheriff's Dispatch have the ability to access, in real time, a limited version of the CMS which indicates specific demographic information for youth as well as terms and conditions of supervision.

The Probation Department also has access to the Child Welfare Systems case management system (CWS/CMS).

The Probation Department also has limited access to the Del Norte County Unified School District's CMS which allows us to track our youth who have been placed into foster care. The DPO assigned as the Truancy Officer (TO) has direct access to the District's attendance system.

The Probation Department also has limited access to the Del Norte Superior Court's Case Explorer system, which is utilized by the Courts to track and document cases.

The Probation Department also has limited access to DSSI, which is the system utilized by the Sheriff's Department and jail, and it is primarily used for adult probation supervision, but is also used to gather information on adults who may be family members or may have interactions with the youth.

B. Juvenile Justice Coordinating Councils

Does your county have a fully constituted Juvenile Justice Council (JJCC) as prescribed by Welfare & institutions Code 749.22?

no

If no, please list the current vacancies that exist on your JJCC, when those vacancies occurred, and your plan for filling them.

Del Norte County does not have a community-based AOD program and therefore that position remains vacant.

C. Funded Programs, Strategies and/or System Enhancements

JJCPA Funded Program(s), Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Below are JJCPA funded programs reported by the county.

Program Name:

Cognitive Behavior Therapies (CBT)/Evidence Based Programs (EBP)

Evidence Upon Which It is Based:

CBT programs are based on the scientific evidence that our feelings are determined by our thoughts and perceptions, rather than by external influences such as people, situations, and events. Of the juveniles who enter the juvenile justice system, the majority (if not all) have been reared and/or exposed to environments that have influenced negative thought patterns and thereby their negative behavior, resulting in criminal behavior. By introducing CBT to these identified youth, the opportunity to provide ways to take greater charge of their thought process can positively impact their feelings in ways that improve their ability to react appropriately to situations and events.

Description:

The Del Norte County Probation Department has been and will continue to offer Cognitive Behavior Therapy programs.

Moral Reconciliation Therapy: Moral Reconciliation Therapy (MRT) is a systematic treatment strategy that seeks to decrease recidivism among juvenile and adult offenders by increasing moral reasoning. Its cognitive-behavioral approach combines elements from a variety of psychological traditions to progressively address ego, social, moral, and positive behavioral growth. There are numerous Juvenile Corrections Officers who are trained as MRT facilitators, as is the Department's Program Coordinator, and this program is offered to youth both in and out of custody.

Seeking Safety: Seeking Safety is an evidence-based, present-focused counseling model to help people attain safety from trauma and/or substance abuse. It can be conducted in a group (any size) and/or individual modality. It is an extremely safe model as it directly addresses both trauma and addiction and is facilitated by the Department's Program Coordinator.

3rd Millennium: 3rd Millennium offers multiple evidence-based, short, educational programs which address a wide range of topics such as substance abuse and shoplifting. These programs are educationally focused and typically used for low-risk youth and youth placed on diversion or informal probation. This program is offered online through a self-paced format.

Coping with Anger: The anger management program, Coping with Anger, is designed to help clients recognize, overcome, and control anger. This is also facilitated by the Department's Program Coordinator.

Forward Thinking: The Change Companies behavior change resources are built around Interactive Journaling, a structured process that helps people reflect on where they've been, where they are and where they wish to go. The program is based on the latest research in behavior change, tailored to the client being served, and is engaging for the participants, allowing them to recognize that the opportunity and responsibility for change is up to them. The program can be offered through one-on-one facilitation or in a group format and can be facilitated by correctional staff or probation officers.

Love and Logic: Parenting with love and logic is a parenting style whereby parents learn to control their emotions when disciplining their children. This parenting style requires parents to use love and empathy to teach consequences, establish boundaries and build healthy parent-child relationships. The parenting style tends to incline on loving kids unconditionally for who they are and not for what they have achieved. The program is facilitated by the Department's Program Coordinator.

Program Name:

Electronic Monitoring

Evidence Upon Which It is Based:

Much study has occurred and continues to occur regarding the efficacy of electronic monitoring. Most research has concluded that an effective electronic monitoring program does have a positive impact on youth behavior and recidivism. One study by Florida State University's Center for Criminology and Public Policy Research published in 2011 indicated that there was a 31% reduction in youths' risk of failure on supervision. Although there are recurring controversies surrounding EM, the data appears to consistently indicate positive results.

Description:

EM allows the Probation Department to supervise a juvenile in their residence as ordered by the Court. EM closely monitors the youth's activities and alerts the probation officer if the youth is in an area they are not authorized to be and also allows the officer to check their location and make sure they are attending their ordered programs. A juvenile is placed on this program by order of the Court and under strict guidelines to help them become more accountable for decisions and attitudes. EM also assists the parent and probation in closely supervising a youth who has demonstrated problems in school, home and/or with the law. EM is used as a less restrictive alternative to secure detention. Finally, the use of EM for youth in Del Norte County allows the Probation Department to provide information to the Court on youths' behaviors and actions that would not otherwise be available.

Program Name:

Remi Vista

Evidence Upon Which It is Based:

Remi Vista provides therapists that are trained professionals in the art of psychotherapy and are trained in practices that have proven to be effective in research. These practices include: Parent-Child Interaction Therapy (PCIT) – a practice designed to help families of young children who exhibit oppositional and defiant behaviors.

Trauma-Focused Cognitive Behavior Therapy (TF-CBT) – a practice proven to help children with symptoms associated with a traumatic experience such as abuse or an accident.

Cognitive Behavior Therapy (CBT) – a practice proven to be effective in treating adults and children suffering from depression or anxiety.

Motivational Interviewing (MI) – a practice that has been proven to help people overcome their own ambivalence about making an important decision in their lives.

Description:

Remi Vista provides individual counseling that focuses on improving self esteem and self determination. Counselors help teens gain needed tools to be successful on probation and in life. The Probation Department uses funds to pay for a counselor to provide weekly counseling sessions with youth who are current Remi Vista clients and who are detained in the Juvenile Hall. This allows for continued treatment while in custody and continuity and stability for the youth whether they are in or out of custody.

Program Name:

Automon/JAIS

Evidence Upon Which It is Based:

The gender-specific risk assessment used in the JAIS system is research-based and has been employed and validated widely. As a regular business practice, Evident Change validates the risk instrument periodically and customizes the instrument for each agency to ensure it optimally classifies the youth population served. Unfortunately, Del Norte County does not have a large enough population to validate the tool locally, therefore we rely on this established tool to also provide us with an accurate representation of our youth's risk and needs.

Description:

The Juvenile Assessment and Intervention System (JAIS) is a gender specific risk assessment supervision strategy model that weaves together a risk assessment and a strength and needs assessment. It is designed as a one-on-one interview with the youth, much of which focuses on the underlying motivation for illegal behavior. This process puts the Probation Officer in a more proactive position in the relationship with the youth, builds rapport between the youth and the Probation Officer, and better equips the agency to leverage the limited resources of staff time and treatment programs. The funding was utilized to pay for the Auto-mon-JAIS system and for staff salaries while conducting JAIS interviews/assessments.

**Part III. Youthful Offender Block Grant (YOBG)
(Welfare & Institutions Code Section 1961(a))**

A. Strategy for Non-707(b) Offenders

Describe your county's overall strategy for dealing with non-707(b) youthful offenders who are not eligible for commitment to the Division of Juvenile Justice. Explain how this Plan relates to or supports that strategy.

The overall strategy for handling non-707(b) youth in Del Norte County has been to use validated risk and needs assessments, evidence-based practices, and victim and community-focused approaches to provide appropriate levels of supervision, opportunity for rehabilitation, accountability for actions, and community safety while engaging the youth and their family in the least restrictive way possible. We strive to keep youth local by working with their families and local support systems utilizing evidence based programs (EBP) for case plan interventions to address their identified criminogenic needs. If violations are persistent and/or serious and a youth is refusing to participate in community-based services, we utilize short- or long-term juvenile hall programs that also provide EBP services. If a youth continues to refuse to engage in services and the home environment is not conducive to behavior change, the last resort is to consider long-term detention or out-of-home placement.

B. Regional Agreements

Describe any regional agreements or arrangements to be supported with YOBG funds.

Del Norte County does not maintain any regional agreements or arrangements. Most needed services are established and maintained agency-to-agency.

YOBG Funded Program(s), Placement, Service, Strategy and/or System Enhancement

Below are YOBG funded programs reported by the county.

Program Name:

Paxton Patterson

Evidence Upon Which It is Based:

None

Description:

The Probation Department uses funds for staff salaries and supplies needed to provide programming for our youth both in and out of Juvenile Hall. This program teaches youth building and work skills so they can obtain employment once released from the Juvenile Hall.

Program Name:

Mental Health Counseling

Evidence Upon Which It is Based:

None

Description:

The Probation Department uses funds for a contract with licensed clinical providers to provide services and counseling for youth who have committed sex offenses and those wards with serious emotional disorders.

Program Name:

Garden Program

Evidence Upon Which It is Based:

None

Description:

The garden program in the Juvenile Hall will include upkeep of a greenhouse which will teach the youth responsibility and how to care for something other than themselves. The Probation Department uses funds to cover the cost of supplies for the greenhouse. The greenhouse will supplement the Juvenile Hall with fresh fruit and vegetables as well as providing an opportunity for youth to learn horticultural skills.

Program Name:

ServeSafe Food Handlers Program/Culinary

Evidence Upon Which It is Based:

None

Description:

Participants are youth who are detained in the juvenile hall. Prior to beginning the program they are put through the California ServSafe food handlers course. After obtaining their food handlers card they are eligible to begin participating in the Culinary program. In the culinary program, youth are taught how to prepare a menu, basic kitchen math, table setting, design recipes, and prepare and serve meals and desserts for special events. Provides usable employment and pro-social skills, enhancing youth's ability to compete in the workforce and learn how to positively interact with vocational teachers and employers.