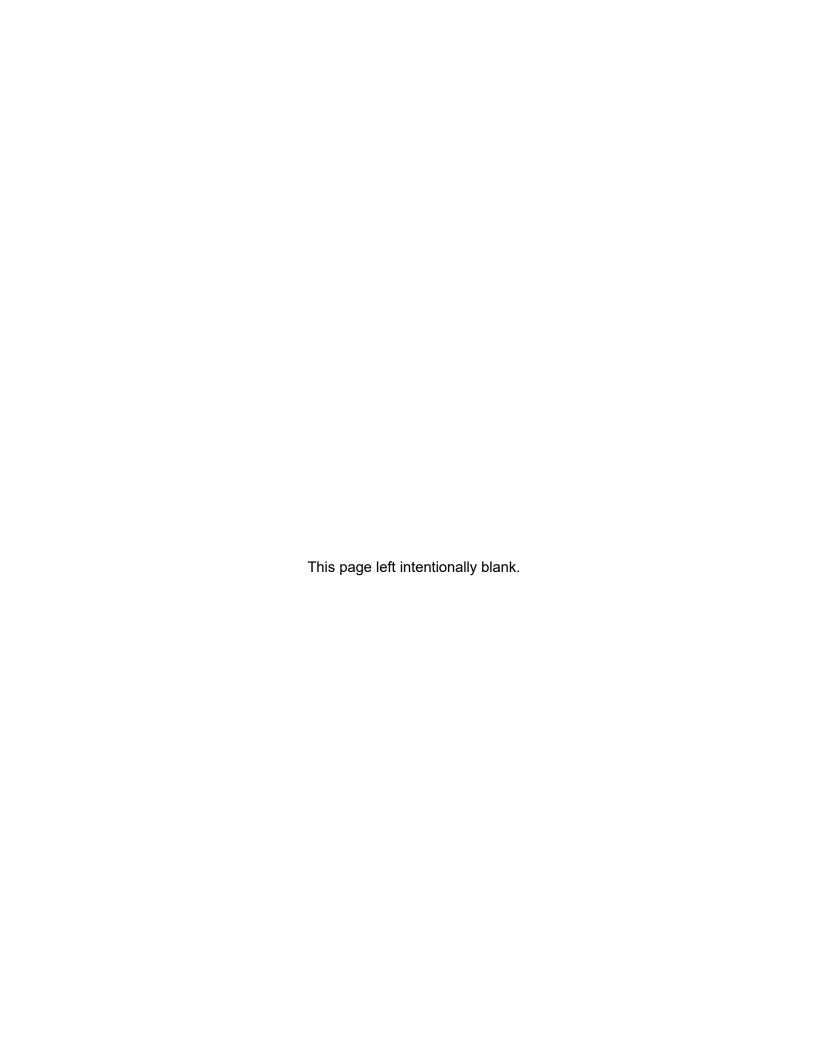


# State Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention:

2021 Compliance Monitoring

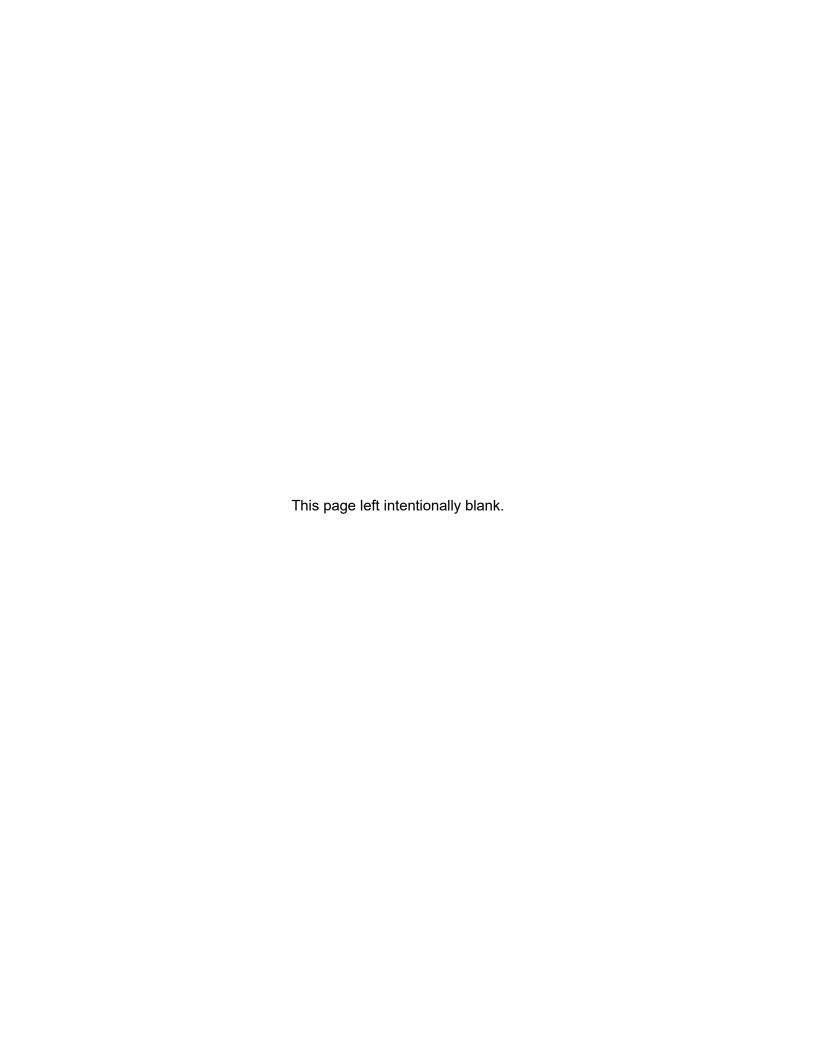
Annual Report July 2022





## BOARD OF STATE AND COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS STATE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

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### **BACKGROUND**

The Board of State and Community Corrections (BSCC) is the State Administering Agency that receives and disburses federal Title II formula grants to support state and local efforts in delinquency prevention and juvenile justice system improvement. To remain eligible for funds, the BSCC must maintain compliance with the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act (JJDPA) of 1974 (as amended in 2002 and 2018), which is the enabling legislation for both the Title II formula grants and the state's juvenile justice advisory group. 1 California's state advisory group is the State Advisory Committee on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (SACJJDP). The SACJJDP is a governorappointed group of subject matter experts.

A requirement for compliance with the JJDPA is submission of an annual report from the state's juvenile justice advisory group to the Governor and Legislature, with recommendations regarding compliance with the first three of the four JJDPA core requirements (those specifically related to compliance monitoring). The fourth core requirement (Racial and Ethnic Disparities) is addressed separately and is not a part of the annual report to the Governor and Legislature.

The core requirements relative to compliance monitoring are:

1. Deinstitutionalization of Status Offenders<sup>3</sup> (DSO)

Prohibits, with specific exceptions, juveniles who are charged with or who have committed an offense that would not be criminal if committed by an adult (status offenders, truants, in-state runaways) from being held in secure detention.

## Separation<sup>4</sup>

Prohibits youth who are under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court from having sight and/or sound contact with adult inmates while in secure detention.

#### 3. Jail Removal<sup>5</sup>

Prohibits the secure detention of youth in a lock-up or jail for longer than six (6) hours, and pursuant to Section 223(a)(11)(B) prohibits the detention of juveniles prosecuted as adults in adult facilities.

This report will provide the Governor and Legislature with the most recent data submitted to the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), as well as the SACJJDP's recommendations regarding compliance with the core requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 34 U.S.C. §§ 11131-11134.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 34 U.S.C. § 11133(a)(3)(D)(ii).

<sup>3 34</sup> U.S.C. § 11133(a)(11).

<sup>4</sup> ld. at (a)(12).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Id. at (a)(13) and (a)(11)(B)

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH CORE REQUIREMENTS**

BSCC staff monitors 879<sup>6</sup> law enforcement facilities for compliance with the core requirements. Through data collection and inspection, the BSCC annually determines the number of violations of core requirements at these facilities, and in accordance with the JJDPA, submits an annual report on compliance to OJJDP.

Attachment A contains the BSCC's annual compliance monitoring data for the 2021 federal fiscal year (FY) reporting period, which runs from October 1, 2020 through September 30, 2021. Attachment B is a summary of the FY 2021 compliance monitoring violations. Attachment C is a summary chart of violations of the core requirements since 2003.

California maintains compliance with the core requirements so long as its rate of violations does not exceed the "de minimus" number of violations as established by OJJDP. OJJDP recalculates standards for compliance annually using a process described in federal regulation. States that report a rate at or below the standard are in compliance. States that report a rate exceeding the year's standards are out of compliance.

The OJJDP has established the following compliance standards for the FY 2021. Data from the FY 2021 reporting period verifies that California remains in de minimus compliance with all three core requirements.

Core Requirement	Federal Standard	California 2021 Rates
DSO	4.71	0.11
Separation	1.18	0.00
Jail Removal	3.95	0.66
Note: OJJDP develops standa	rrd rates of compliance per 1	00,000 juvenile population.

California has remained in compliance because its number of JJDPA violations decreased from the previous year (see Attachment B). Overall, the total number of violations has reduced from 75 to 68.

Core Requirement	FY 2020 Violations	FY 2021 Violations
DSO	13	10
Separation	0	0
Jail Removal	62	58

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The total number of facilities in the Compliance Monitoring Universe does not include 420 non-secure city or county law enforcement facilities which BSCC monitors through an annual survey.

2

In comparing the first core requirement, the number of DSO violations decreased by 23 percent from 13 to 10. These violations occurred in two local juvenile halls. The most common reasons reported to the BSCC were:

- Holding runaways from out of state, where states did not have an Interstate Compact with California (9 violations)
- Holding runaways local to California (1 violation)

Just as in previous years, detaining runaways remains one of the main reasons in FY 2021 for DSO violations. All but one of these violations occurred in one Juvenile hall and involved runaways from out of state.

In FY 2021, Separation violations remained at zero.

Finally, for the last core requirement, the number of Jail Removal violations decreased by six percent from 62 to 58 violations. For these violations, the most common reasons reported to the BSCC were:

- Delays, such as booking delays, live scan delays, delays with local child service agencies; and
- Danger to self or others

Delays, such as booking delays or live scan delays, remain the cause of the largest number of violations, which occur in only one county. Because the local law enforcement agencies have no control or authority over the live scan process, the delays and thus, the violations will continue to occur.

Overall, California's rates of JJDPA violations have been on a downward trend since 2003. During the pandemic, both Jail Removal violations and DSO violations decreased considerably. The BSCC must continue to work with local county and city law enforcement agencies to maintain compliance.

## BARRIERS TO COMPLIANCE AND STRATEGIES TO OVERCOME THEM

To maintain compliance, the BSCC identifies barriers to compliance and develops strategies on an on-going and annual basis.

Barrier	Strategy
The turnover in local detention and	During the pandemic, the BSCC continues
correctional staff creates a gap of	to observe a great number of local staff
knowledge with respect to core	turnover, whether for transfer, retirement,
requirements in some facilities;	sick leave, or other reason.
constant training is required.	
	The BSCC continues to provide on-going technical assistance to law enforcement agencies and probation departments, both general and targeted.
	The BSCC staff continues to provide pre- inspection briefings to law enforcement agencies and probation departments; all information relevant to the upcoming inspection is provided, including detailed information on core requirements and essential data.
	The BSCC continues to manage and update its contacts databases on an ongoing basis.
The addition of new BSCC staff.	The BSCC streamlined its internal orientation and training for new FSO staff. The BSCC continues to provide general and tailored training to FSO staff, focusing on the applicability of core requirements at different facilities.
	BSCC revises its compliance monitoring manual on an annual and on-going basis.
	The BSCC encourages new staff to observe compliance monitoring inspections as part of the orientation and training process. The opportunity to

observe or conduct joint compliance monitoring inspections remains available to current staff.

Compliance Monitor continues to provide technical assistance to fellow FSO staff, as well as to the field.

Our state advisory group is composed of subject matter experts from across the state. Members' ability to join and observe compliance monitoring inspections would greatly enhance their understanding of the JJDPA and core requirements. Yet there was not a clear process in place for members to learn about upcoming compliance monitoring inspections.

The BSCC developed a policy and procedure for SACJJDP to stay informed of on-going CM inspections and a process for members to join and observe them. The implementation was delayed due to the on-going pandemic.

The FY 2021 data shows continued DSO violations in juvenile facilities.

Whether local to California or from out of state, detained runaways remain a primary reason for DSO violations in juvenile facilities. The BSCC will provide technical assistance and training to the specific facilities in the counties with higher numbers of DSO violations.

The FY 2021 data shows decreased Jail Removal violations during the pandemic. Continued outreach and education is required to the field, especially with new staff at local agencies, to reinforce the importance of the JJDPA's core requirements.

The BSCC should collaborate with local juvenile justice commissions to ensure that the number of violations continue to trend downward.

The BSCC will continue to conduct outreach and education to juvenile courts, local commissions, and local law enforcement agencies.

Implementing the new reporting and data collection requirements for court holding facilities has faced many challenges, such as a high turnover rate among staff at such facilities and general unfamiliarity with the core requirements under the JJDPA. The number of local agencies that share jurisdiction and responsibilities over court holding facilities has also posed unique challenges in data collection and reporting efforts.

The BSCC developed and implemented a plan to provide outreach and education to counties on the application of core requirements for court holding facilities, such as communicating directly to probation departments, juvenile courts, local juvenile justice commissions, and court holding facility managers. The BSCC also developed new data collection tools for these facilities, such as an annual survey and a formal self-reporting tool.

The BSCC also modified its internal training to staff on how this change impacts compliance monitoring inspections and biennial inspections of court holding facilities.

#### **SACJJDP RECOMMENDATIONS**

The SACJJDP recommends that the Governor and Legislature continue to support the BSCC's approach to compliance monitoring, including strategies to overcome the barriers mentioned above. The SACJJDP bases its recommendation on the decreasing violation rates and the continuous training and technical assistance BSCC provides to the field.

The SACJJDP also recommends that BSCC highlight California's effort and commitment to maintaining compliance with the core requirements through outreach and collaboration with state and local entities.

### **ATTACHMENTS:**

A: OJJDP California Compliance Data Collection FY 2021

B: OJJDP California Compliance Data Summary Report FY 2021

C: Summary of California Violations of JJDPA Since 2003

# California Compliance Data Collection - 2021 Detailed Report

Metric	Value
STATE PROFILE	
STATE JUVENILE POPULATION DATA	
Age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends (upper age at which a person is still classified as a juvenile).	17
Total population, at and below the age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends.	8894641
Total population under the age of 18.	8894641
FEDERAL DEFINITIONS	
During the State's monitoring effort, were Federal definitions (under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act or its implementing regulations) used?	Yes
FACILITY SUB-TYPE - SECURE DETENTION or CORRECTION FACILITIES	
Number of Juvenile Detention Facilities (facility sub-type).	50
Number of Juvenile Detention Facilities (facility sub-type) that reported data.	50
Percent of Juvenile Detention Facilities (facility sub-type) that reported data.	100%
Number of Juvenile Detention Facilities (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	11
Percent of Juvenile Detention Facilities (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	22%
Number of Juvenile Correctional Facilities (facility sub-type).	42
Number of Juvenile Correctional Facilities (facility sub-type) that reported data.	38
Percent of Juvenile Correctional Facilities (facility sub-type) that reported data.	90%
Number of Juvenile Correctional Facilities (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	11
Percent of Juvenile Correctional Facilities (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	26%
Number of Adult Jails (facility sub-type).	120
Number of Adult Jails (facility sub-type) that reported data.	120
Percent of Adult Jails (facility sub-type) that reported data.	100%

Metric	Value
Number of Adult Jails (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	48
Percent of Adult Jails (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	40%
Number of Adult Lockups (facility sub-type).	469
Number of Adult Lockups (facility sub-type) that reported data.	462
Percent of Adult Lockups (facility sub-type) that reported data.	99%
Number of Adult Lockups (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	80
Percent of Adult Lockups (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	17%
Number of Prisons (facility sub-type).	34
Number of Prisons (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	0
Percent of Prisons (facility sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	0%
Number of other secure residential facilities (facility sub-type) used for the placement of individuals accused or adjudicated/convicted of a criminal offense.	0
Number of other secure residential facilities (facility sub-type) used for the placement of individuals accused or adjudicated/convicted of a criminal offense that received onsite inspections.	0
Percent of other secure residential facilities (facility sub-type) used for the placement of individuals accused or adjudicated/convicted of a criminal offense that received onsite inspections.	0%
Total number of facility sub-types (Note: this sum excludes prisons and other secure residential facilities).	681
Total number of facility sub-types that reported data (Note: this sum excludes prisons and other secure residential facilities).	670
Percent of facility sub-types that reported data.	98%
Total number of facility sub-types that received onsite inspections (Note: this sum excludes prisons and other secure residential facilities).	150
Percent of facility sub-types that received onsite inspections.	22%
FACILITY SUB-TYPE - INSTITUTIONS	
Number of Juvenile Detention Facilities (institution sub-type).	50
Number of Juvenile Detention Facilities (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	11
Percent of Juvenile Detention Facilities (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	22%
Number of Juvenile Correctional Facilities (institution sub-type).	42

Metric	Value
Number of Juvenile Correctional Facilities (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	11
Percent of Juvenile Correctional Facilities (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	26%
Number of Adult Jails (institution sub-type).	120
Number of Adult Jails (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	48
Percent of Adult Jails (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	40%
Number of Adult Lockups (institution sub-type).	469
Number of Adult Lockups (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	80
Percent of Adult Lockups (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	17%
Number of Prisons (institution sub-type).	34
Number of Prisons (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	0
Percent of Prisons (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	0%
Number of Court Holding facilities (institution sub-type).	135
Number of Court Holding facilities (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	34
Percent of Court Holding facilities (institution sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	25%
Number of other secure residential facilities (institution sub-type) used for the placement of individuals accused or adjudicated/convicted of a criminal offense.	0
Number of other secure residential facilities (institution sub-type) used for the placement of individuals accused or adjudicated/convicted of a criminal offense that received onsite inspections.	0
Percent of other secure residential facilities (institution sub-type) used for the placement of individuals accused or adjudicated/convicted of a criminal offense that received onsite inspections.	0%
Total number of institution sub-types.	850
Total number of institution sub-types that received onsite inspections.	184
Percent of institution sub-types that received onsite inspections.	22%
FACILITY SUB-TYPE - ADULT JAIL or LOCKUP	
Number of Adult Jails (adult jail or lockup sub-type).	120
Number of Adult Jails (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that reported data.	120

Metric	Value
Percent of Adult Jails (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that reported data.	100%
Number of Adult Jails (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	48
Percent of Adult Jails (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	40%
Number of Adult Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type).	469
Number of Adult Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that reported data	462
Percent of Adult Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that reported data	99%
Number of Adult Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	80
Percent of Adult Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	17%
Total number of Adult Jails and Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type).	589
Total number of Adult Jails and Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that reported data	582
Percent of Adult Jails and Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that reported data.	99%
Total number of Adult Jails and Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	128
Percent of Adult Jails and Lockups (adult jail or lockup sub-type) that received onsite inspections.	22%
FACILITY SUB-TYPE - COLLOCATED	
Number of secure Juvenile Detention or Correctional Facilities that are Collocated with an Adult Jail or Lockup.	5
Number of secure Juvenile Detention or Correctional Facilities that are Collocated with an Adult Jail or Lockup that received onsite inspections.	5
Percent of secure Juvenile Detention or Correctional Facilities that are Collocated with an Adult Jail or Lockup that received onsite inspections.	100%
SUMMARY OF FACILITIES REQUIRED TO REPORT COMPLIANCE DATA - 85% RULE	
Cumulative percent of facilities reporting data that are required to report compliance data (85% rule).	98%
DEINSTITUTIONALIZATION OF STATUS OFFENDERS (DSO)	
STATUS OFFENDERS AND NON-OFFENDERS PLACED IN SECURE DETENTION OR CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES	

Metric	Value
Number of accused status offenders who were placed in secure detention or secure correctional facilities (both juvenile and adult facility types). Include status offender Valid Court Order violators (where applicable) and out of state runaways. Do not include juveniles held in violation of the Youth Handgun Safety Act or similar state law.	12
Number of adjudicated status offenders who were placed in secure detention or secure correctional facilities (both juvenile and adult facility types). Include status offender Valid Court Order violators (where applicable) and out of state runaways. Do not include juveniles held in violation of the Youth Handgun Safety Act or similar state law.	0
Number of accused and adjudicated status offenders who were placed in secure juvenile detention or secure juvenile correctional facilities who were charged with or committed a violation of a valid court order. (Note: This is a statutory exception to the total number of instances of noncompliance with DSO.)	0
Number of accused and adjudicated status offenders who were placed in secure juvenile detention or secure juvenile correctional facilities in accordance with the Interstate Compact on Juveniles as enacted by the State. (Note: This is a statutory exception to the total number of instances of non-compliance with DSO.)	2
Calculated total number of status offenders placed in secure detention or secure correctional facilities that do not meet one of the statutory exceptions and therefore result in instances of non-compliance with DSO.	10
Number of non-offenders who are aliens or who were alleged to be dependent, neglected, or abused, who were placed in secure detention or secure correctional facilities.	0
Calculated total number of DSO violations.	10
DSO SUMMARY	
Calculated total number of DSO violations adjusting for non-reporting facilities.	10.16
RATE of non-compliance with DSO per 100,000 juvenile population.	0.11
RATE of non-compliance with DSO per 100,000 juvenile population, adjusting for non-reporting facilities.	0.11
SEPARATION	
POLICY IMPACTING SEPARATION	
Does the state have a policy in effect that requires individuals who work with both juveniles and adult inmates to have been trained and certified to work with juveniles?	Yes

Metric	Value
SIGHT and SOUND SEPARATION in SECURE JUVENILE DETENTION or CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES	
Number of juveniles alleged to be or found to be delinquent detained or confined in secure juvenile detention and secure juvenile correctional facilities who were not sight and sound separated from adult inmates, including inmate trustees.	0
Number of juvenile status offenders and juvenile non-offenders who were aliens or alleged to be dependent, neglected, abused, detained or confined in secure juvenile detention and secure juvenile correctional facilities who were not sight and sound separated from adult inmates, including inmate trustees.	0
TOTAL number of juveniles alleged to be or found to be delinquent, juvenile status offenders, and juvenile non-offenders who are aliens or alleged to be dependent, neglected, abused, detained or confined in secure juvenile detention and secure juvenile correctional facilities who were not sight and sound separated from adult inmates, including inmate trustees.	0
SIGHT and SOUND SEPARATION in ADULT JAILS, ADULT LOCKUPS, or PRISONS	
Number of juveniles alleged to be or found to be delinquent, detained or confined in jails or lockups for adults or adult prisons who were not sight and sound separated from adult inmates.	0
Number of juvenile status offenders and juvenile non-offenders who are aliens or alleged to be dependent, neglected, or abused, detained or confined in jails or lockups for adults or adult prisons, without sight and sound separation from adult inmates.	0
TOTAL number of juveniles alleged to be or found to be delinquent, juvenile status offenders, and juvenile non-offenders who are aliens or alleged to be dependent, neglected, or abused, who were detained or confined in jails or lockups for adults or adult prisons without sight and sound separation.	0
SIGHT and SOUND SEPARATION in COURT HOLDING FACILITIES	
Number of juveniles alleged to be or found to be delinquent, detained or confined in court holding facilities who were not sight and sound separated from adult inmates.	0
Number of juvenile status offenders and juvenile non-offenders who are aliens or alleged to be dependent, neglected, or abused detained or confined in court holding facilities who were not sight and sound separated from adult inmates.	0

Metric	Value
TOTAL number of juveniles alleged to be or found to be delinquent, juvenile status offenders, and juvenile non-offenders who are aliens or alleged to be dependent, neglected, or abused detained or confined in court holding facilities who were not sight and sound separated from adult inmates.	0
SIGHT and SOUND SEPARATION SUMMARY	
TOTAL number of juveniles alleged to be or found to be delinquent, juvenile status offenders, and juvenile non-offenders who are aliens or alleged to be dependent, neglected, or abused, not sight and sound separated from adult inmates in Secure Juvenile Detention Facilities, Secure Juvenile Correctional Facilities, Adult Jails, Adult Lockups, Prisons, and Court Holding Facilities.	0
RATE of non-compliance with separation per 100,000 juveniles at and below the age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends.	0.00
JAIL REMOVAL	
POLICY IMPACTING JAIL REMOVAL	
Is there a state policy in effect requiring individuals who work with both adult inmates and juveniles to be trained and certified to work with juveniles?	Yes
FACILITIES IN WHICH JUVENILES WERE DETAINED OR CONFINED	
Number of Adult Jails and Adult Lockups in which juveniles were detained or confined that meet rural exception criteria (pursuant to Section 223(a)(13)(B)(ii)(I) of the JJDPA) and for which approval has been granted by OJJDP.	0
JUVENILES DETAINED WITHIN SIGHT OR SOUND CONTACT OF ADULT INMATES	
Number of juveniles accused of delinquent offenses detained or confined in Adult Jails or Adult Lockups 6 hours or less for processing or release, awaiting transfer to a juvenile facility, or prior to/following a court appearance, but who had contact with adult inmates (pursuant to Section 223(a)(13)(A) of the JJDP Act).	0
JUVENILES ACCUSED OF DELINQUENT OFFENSES OR ADJUDICATED DELINQUENT	
Number of juveniles accused of delinquent offenses detained or confined in Adult Jails and Adult Lockups in excess of 6 hours, and not pursuant to a valid use of the rural, travel conditions or safety exceptions, as detailed in Section 223(a)(13)(B) of the JJDP Act.	47
Number of juveniles accused of delinquent offenses detained or confined in Adult Jails and Adult Lockups, for 6 hours or less for purposes other	0

Metric	Value
than processing or release, while awaiting transfer to a juvenile facility, or periods during which such juveniles are making court appearances (pursuant to Section 223(a)(13)(A) of the JJDP Act).	
Number of juveniles accused of delinquent offenses who were detained or confined in excess of 6 hours but less than 48 hours (not including weekends and legal holidays) awaiting an initial court appearance in an Adult Jail or Adult Lockup approved by OJJDP for use of the rural exception, provided that during this time there was no contact with adult inmates (pursuant to Section 223(a)(13)(B)(ii)(I) of the JJDPA) (Note: This is a statutory exception to the total number of instances of noncompliance with jail removal.)	0
Number of juveniles accused of delinquent offenses who were detained or confined in excess of 48 hours but less than 96 hours (not including weekends and legal holidays) awaiting an initial court appearance in an Adult Jail or Adult Lockup due to conditions of distance to be traveled or the lack of highway, road, or transportation, provided that during this time there was no contact with adult inmates (pursuant to Section 223(a)((13)(B)(ii)(II) of the JJDP Act) (Note: This is a statutory exception to the total number of instances of non-compliance with jail removal.)	0
Number of juveniles accused of delinquent offenses awaiting an initial court appearance in an Adult Jail or Adult Lockup where conditions of safety existed (e.g., severe adverse, life-threatening weather conditions that do not allow for reasonably safe travel) and who were detained or confined for in excess of 6 hours but not more than 24 hours after the time that such conditions allowed for reasonably safe travel, provided that during this time there was no contact with adult inmates (pursuant to Section 223(a)((13)(B)(ii)(III) of the JJDP Act) (Note: This is a statutory exception to the total number of instances of non-compliance with jail removal.)	0
Number of juveniles adjudicated of delinquent offenses who were detained or confined in Adult Jails and Adult Lockups for any length of time.	0
JUVENILE STATUS AND NONOFFENDERS	
Number of accused or adjudicated status offenders detained or confined for any length of time in Adult Jails or Adult Lockups.	4
Number of juvenile non-offenders detained or confined for any length of time in Adult Jails or Adult Lockups.	7
JAIL REMOVAL SUMMARY	
Total instances of non-compliance with the Jail removal requirement as a result of juveniles detained or confined in Adult Jails and Adult Lockups.	58.00

Metric	Value
Total instances in which the state used the rural, travel conditions, or conditions of safety exceptions to detain or confine juveniles in Adult Jails and Adult Lockups in excess of 6 hours.	0
Total instances of non-compliance with the Jail removal requirement as a result of juveniles detained or confined in Adult Jails and Adult Lockups adjusting for non-reporting facilities.	58.70
Rate of non-compliance with jail removal per 100,000 juvenile population at and below the age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends.	0.65
Rate of non-compliance with jail removal per 100,000 juvenile population at and below the age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends, adjusting for non-reporting facilities.	0.66

Y	/ear	Total Number Secure Facilities	Number Facilities Receiving On-Site Inspections	Percent Facilities Receiving On-Site Inspections
	1	844	325	38.51 %
	2	816	184	22.55 %
	3			
		816	509	62.38 %

# California Compliance Data Collection - 2021 Summary Report

Metric	Value
STATE PROFILE	
STATE JUVENILE POPULATION DATA	
Age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends (upper age at which a person is still classified as a juvenile).	17
Total population, at and below the age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends.	8894641
Total population under the age of 18.	8894641
DEINSTITUTIONALIZATION OF STATUS OFFENDERS (DSO)	
DSO SUMMARY	
Calculated total number of DSO violations adjusting for non-reporting facilities.	10.16
RATE of non-compliance with DSO per 100,000 juvenile population.	0.11
RATE of non-compliance with DSO per 100,000 juvenile population, adjusting for non-reporting facilities.	0.11
SEPARATION	
SIGHT and SOUND SEPARATION SUMMARY	
TOTAL number of juveniles alleged to be or found to be delinquent, juvenile status offenders, and juvenile non-offenders who are aliens or alleged to be dependent, neglected, or abused, not sight and sound separated from adult inmates in Secure Juvenile Detention Facilities, Secure Juvenile Correctional Facilities, Adult Jails, Adult Lockups, Prisons, and Court Holding Facilities.	0
RATE of non-compliance with separation per 100,000 juveniles at and below the age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends.	0.00
JAIL REMOVAL	
JAIL REMOVAL SUMMARY	
Total instances of non-compliance with the Jail removal requirement as a result of juveniles detained or confined in Adult Jails and Adult Lockups.	58.00
Total instances in which the state used the rural, travel conditions, or conditions of safety exceptions to detain or confine juveniles in Adult Jails and Adult Lockups in excess of 6 hours.	0

Metric	Value
Total instances of non-compliance with the Jail removal requirement as a result of juveniles detained or confined in Adult Jails and Adult Lockups adjusting for non-reporting facilities.	58.70
Rate of non-compliance with jail removal per 100,000 juvenile population at and below the age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends.	0.65
Rate of non-compliance with jail removal per 100,000 juvenile population at and below the age at which original juvenile court jurisdiction ends, adjusting for non-reporting facilities.	0.66

	Year	Number of Secure Facilities	Number of Facilities Receiving On-Site Inspections	Percent of Facilities Receiving On-Site Inspections
	1	844	325	38.51 %
<b>~</b>	2	816	184	22.55 %
	3			
	lanning Cycle nmary:	816	509	62.38 %

## Planning Cycle Summary:

- 1. If the number of secure facilities increases or decreases, percent of on-site inspections are calculated using the most recent change
- 2. In recognition that on-site inspections may exceed the number of secure facilities, percentages are capped at 100%

每	% Change	3000	Change Change	% Char	2018	the Che	Noge 1	3	Change Change	86/8	Change	2015	% change	Ag 8	Change	13 80	hange	3 80	hange		hange Cold		% Change	30	ange 200	3 8	Change 20	805 8	Change	206 5	Se Change	205 5	Change	204 80	hange 3		_
DSO JH	10	-23%	13	44%	9	-70%	30	88%	16	7%	15	-6%	16	-60%	40	-7%	43	13%	38	-22%	49	-39%	80	-20%	75	11%	90	70%	53	-47%	100.6	-63%	270	28%	211	-11%	237
DSO LOCKUPS	11	120%	5 -	-79%	24	0%	24	-11%	27	-27%	37	0%	37	-31%	54	20%	45	-48%	87	43%	61	177%	22	-12%	25	-38%	40	-13%	46	n/a							
DSO TOTAL (JH + LU)	21	17%	18	45%	33	-39%	54	-26%	43	-17%	52	-2%	53	-44%	94	7%	88	-30%	125	14%	110	8%	102.00	2%	100	-23%	130	31%	99.37	-1%	100.6	-63%	270	28%	211	-11%	237
DSO TOTAL RATE	0.11		0.15	50%	0.10		0.62		0.47	-34%	0.71	0%	0.71	-30%	1.01	6%	0.95	-29%	1.34	14%	1.18	8%	1.09	2%	1.07	-23%	1.39	36%	1.02	-2%	1.04	-64%	2.86	28%	2.23	-11%	2.51
Separation	0		0	0%	0		0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	-100%	1	100%	0	-100%	2	200%	0	0%	0	-100%	1	0%	1	0%	1	-97%	33	-25%	44	100%	0	0%	0
Jail Removal Total (6 hr Rule)	47	-18%	57	-29%	80	38%	58	-21%	73	-4%	76	15%	66	-7%	71	25%	57	-17%	69	6%	65	-13%	75	-17%	90	18%	76.21	-29%	107	-52%	225	185%	79	0%	79	-25%	106
Jail Removal Rate																														-100%	2.33	177%	0.84	0%	0.84	-25%	1.12
Jail Removal (total with SO)	58	-6%	62	-38%	100	-3%	103	-3%	100	-12%	113	10%	103	-18%	125	23%	102	-35%	156	24%	126	30%	97.12	-16%	115	-1%	116	-25%	154.2								
Jail Removal Rate	0.65		0.72		1.10		1.14		1.1	-11%	1.24	12%	1.11	-17%	1.34	22%	1.1	-35%	1.68	24%	1.36	32%	1.03	-16%	1.23	-1%	1.24	-22%	1.59								
In 2006, we increased our loc	kun uni	iverse a	nd also h	negan	to clea	an un s	status	offend	er reno	rtina me	thods	and train	ing In 2	007 we	hegan	reporting	status	offende	rs held	in locku	ns the	refore in	creasing	the DSC	TOTA	Al and th	ne JAII	RFMO\	VAL TO	TAI nu	mhers	ln 2016 t	he renor	tina peri	od chan	ned from	n a

In 2006, we increased our lockup universe and also began to clean up status offender reporting methods and training. In 2007, we began reporting status offenders held in lockups, therefore increasing the DSO TOTAL and the JAIL REMOVAL TOTAL numbers. In 2016 the reporting period changed from a 12-month calendar year to a 12-month federal fiscal year beginning October 1st and ending September 31st.

<sup>-92%</sup> percentage change between 2003 total DSO and 2021 (page 3 of the Gov/Leg Report)

<sup>-46%</sup> percentage change between 2003 Jail Removal and 2021 (page 3 of the Gov/Leg Report)